

Supporting a future with safe, nutritious, and sustainable seafood

SEAFOOD^{TOMORROW} Final Event, 15.04.2021

Listeria-specific bacteriophages for safer ready-to-eat seafood

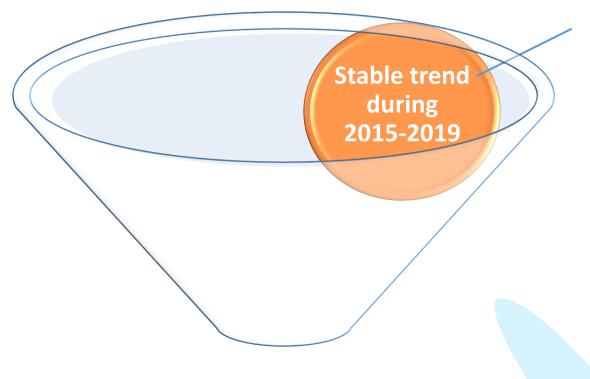
Amaia Lasagabaster (AZTI)











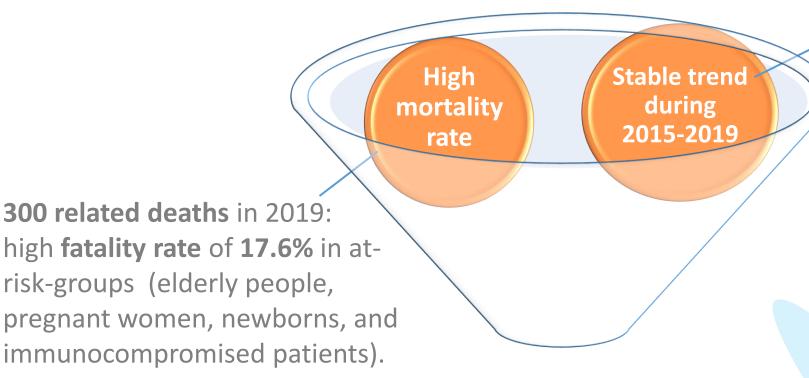
2,621 cases of listeriosis confirmed in 2019.

EFSA and ECDC, 2021





2,621 cases of listeriosis confirmed in 2019.



EFSA and ECDC, 2021





2,621 cases of listeriosis confirmed in 2019.

Consumption of contaminated seafood products is one of the most common causes of listeriosis.

High mortality rate

Stable trend during 2015-2019

300 related deaths in 2019: high fatality rate of 17.6% in atrisk-groups (elderly people, pregnant women, newborns, and immunocompromised patients).

Seafood products related outbreaks

EFSA and ECDC, 2021





2,621 cases of listeriosis confirmed in 2019.

High mortality rate

Stable trend during 2015-2019

300 related deaths in 2019: high fatality rate of 17.6% in atrisk-groups (elderly people, pregnant women, newborns, and immunocompromised patients).

Seafood products related outbreaks

Consumption of contaminated seafood products is one of the most common causes of listeriosis.

Prevalence of *Lm* in **fresh**, **minimally processed** and **ready-to-eat** seafood.









2,621 cases of listeriosis confirmed in 2019.

300 related deaths in 2019:
high fatality rate of 17.6% in atrisk-groups (elderly people, pregnant women, newborns, and

Seafood products related outbreaks

High

mortality

Consumption of contaminated seafood products is one of the most common causes of listeriosis.

Prevalence of *Lm* in **fresh**, **minimally processed** and **ready-to-eat** seafood.

Need to improve the control of Listeria monocytogenes in seafood

EFSA and ECDC, 2021



Stable trend

during

2015-2019

immunocompromised patients).









Seafood Industry
Public Health

ready-to-eat seafood consumed without further treatment or cooking





Guidance

Regulation

Regulation (EC)
No 2073/2005
of microbiological criteria
for food stuffs, including food
safety criteria for *Lm*



Seafood Industry
Public Health

ready-to-eat seafood

consumed without further treatment or cooking







Regulation

Regulation (EC)
No 2073/2005
of microbiological criteria
for food stuffs, including food
safety criteria for *Lm*



Seafood Industry
Public Health

ready-to-eat seafood

consumed without further treatment or cooking

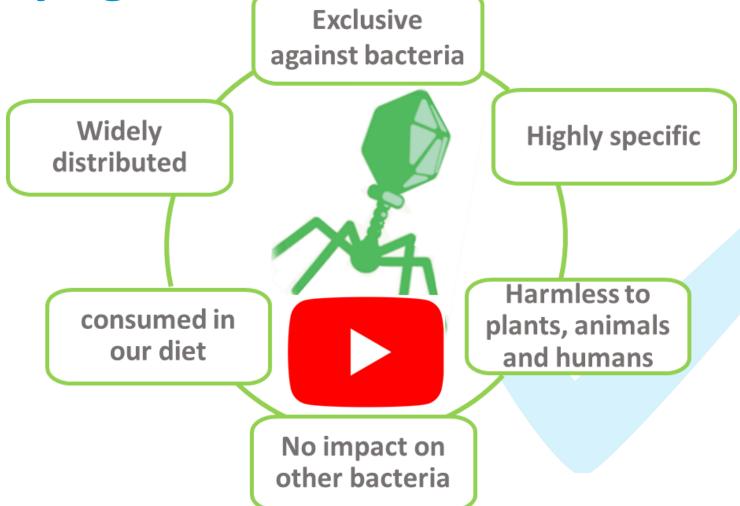


Food Safety
Control Strategies



Why bacteriophages as food safety agents?







Task 2.3 Strategies to remove contaminants from seafood



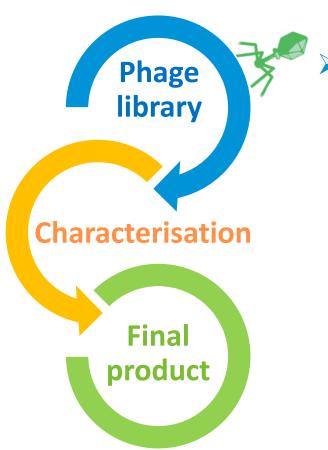
Objective

To develop a **bacteriophage-based solution** to control *L. monocytogenes* in seafood products



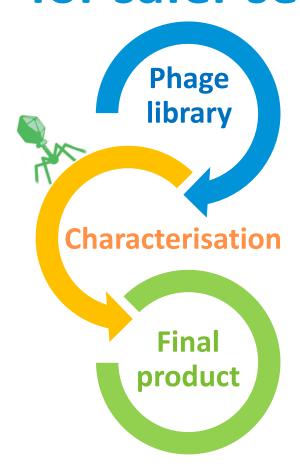






A selection of **16 listeriaphages** (*Listeria*-specific bacteriophages) from a large previously isolated collection (> 75 listeriaphages)





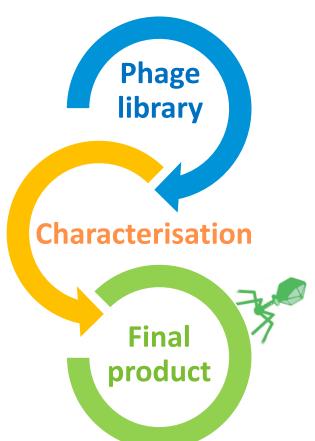
- ➤ A selection of **16 listeriaphages** (*Listeria*-specific bacteriophages) from a large previously isolated collection (> 75 listeriaphages)
- ➤ The most relevant properties for food applications:
- ✓ Efficacy

Specificity

✓ Safety

✓ Stability



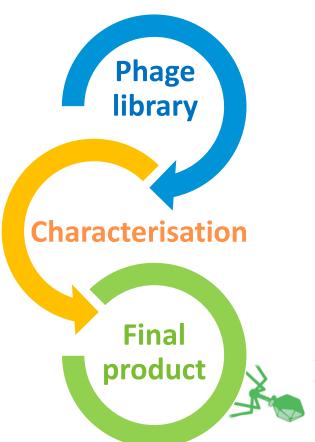


- > A selection of 16 listeriaphages (Listeria-specific bacteriophages) from a large previously isolated collection (> 75 listeriaphages)
- The most relevant properties for food applications: <
 - Specificity **Efficacy**

✓ Safety

- Stability
- Design of listeriaphage cocktails effective against a broader range of target *Listeria* strains than single monophages



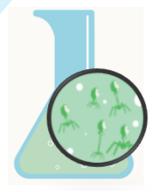


- ➤ A selection of **16 listeriaphages** (*Listeria*-specific bacteriophages) from a large previously isolated collection (> 75 listeriaphages)
- ➤ The most relevant properties for food applications:
 - ✓ Efficacy

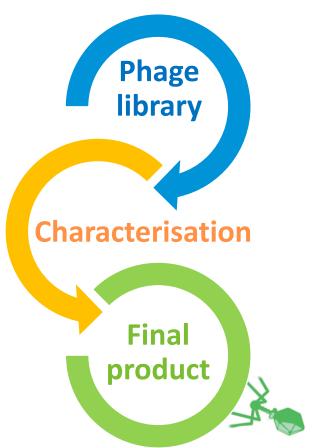
Specificity

✓ Safety

- ➤ Design of listeriaphage cocktails effective against a broader range of target Listeria strains than single monophages
- > Selection of most effective listeriaphage cocktail







- ➤ A selection of **16 listeriaphages** (*Listeria*-specific bacteriophages) from a large previously isolated collection (> 75 listeriaphages)
- ➤ The most relevant properties for food applications: ✓
 - ✓ Efficacy

Specificity

✓ Safety

- ➤ Design of listeriaphage cocktails effective against a broader range of target Listeria strains than single monophages
- > Selection of most effective listeriaphage cocktail
- > Production at industrial scale



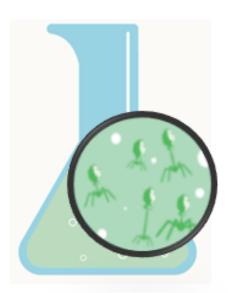




- A selection of **16 listeriaphages** (*Listeria*-specific bacteriophages) from a large previously isolated collection (> 75 listeriaphages)
- ➤ The most relevant properties for food applications:
- ✓ Safety
 - √ Specificity
 - ✓ Efficacy
 - ✓ Stability
- Design of listeriaphage cocktails effective against a broader range of target Listeria strains than single monophages
- Selection of most effective listeriaphage cocktail
- > Production at industrial scale
- Validation in raw and ready-to-eat seafood

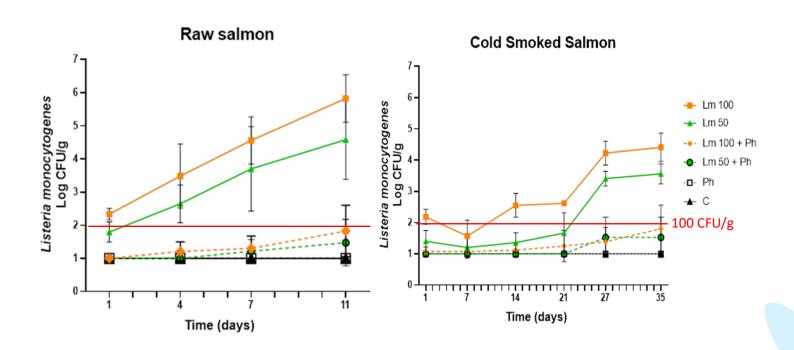






- ✓ Listeriaphage cocktail containing 5 well-characterized complementary phages
- ✓ Effective against > 90% of *Listeria* isolates of relevance for the seafood industry
- ✓ Stable under application conditions of temperature (4-25°C) and pH (2-9.5)
- ✓ Able to be **produced at industrial commercial scale** to optimal yields
- Shelf life of 6 months







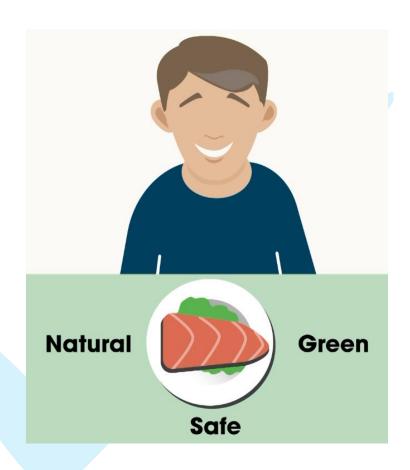


✓ Able to reduce initial L.monocytogenes load and keep it below the legal limit of 100 CFU/g at the end of the shelf-life of both raw salmon and cold smoked salmon.

Conclusions



- ✓ Biological properties of lytic bacteriophages, as well as the new data on the effectiveness of *Listeria*-specific bacteriophages on seafood products, make bacteriophage biocontrol a promising strategy for seafood safety applications.
- ✓ Use of *Listeria* bacteriophages could contribute as an additional innovative solution in a multi-hurdle approach to control the prevalence of *L. monocytogenes* in seafood products.





Thank You

Contact Details:

Amaia Lasagabaster <u>alasa@azti.es</u>

